

Foundations for Best Practice in Lactation Care

Talking to Pregnant Women about Feeding their Babies: Breastfeeding Promotion

- 1. Discuss how breastfeeding is an important part of the bigger picture of maternal-child health
- 2. Identify national and international healthcare organisations that included breastfeeding as part of their strategic health plan
- 3. Discuss the importance of policies that support exclusive breastfeeding
- 4. Describe how the personalising of breastfeeding can interfere with effective communication with women about feeding their babies
- 5. Discuss how control in healthcare can be a barrier to providing effective breastfeeding
- 6. Describe the difficulties of breast health promotion in a sexual breast culture
- 7. Identify breastfeeding teaching points appropriate for prenatal classes and interactions with pregnant women
- 8. List two effective programs to help pregnant women learn about breastfeeding
- 9. Discuss the importance of the healthcare provider's words and actions in influencing women in feeding decisions
- 10. Discuss times when breastfeeding promotion may be contraindicated

Prenatal Assessment for Breastfeeding: What to Look for in the Physical Exam

- 11. Describe the basic sequence of early breast development in the human foetus
- 12. Discuss some changes in the breast that occur during puberty and pregnancy
- 13. Describe important things to look for in a prenatal breast assessment
- 14. Discuss how breast surgeries may impact breastfeeding potential
- 15. Discuss the implications of breast or nipple size on breastfeeding success
- 16. List helpful prenatal interventions for nipples that may be challenging for breastfeeding
- 17. Discuss equipment that might be helpful for smooth or inverted nipples

The Wonders of Human Milk: Why Breastmilk and Breastfeeding Matter

- 18. Describe the importance of species-specific mammal milk in the survival and health of the offspring
- 19. Consider how unusual it is for humans to feed their babies cow milk or soy juice
- 20. Describe the difference in the milk of "nesting" mammals and "carrying or following" mammals
- 21. Discuss the implications in parenting style between nesters and carriers
- 22. List some reasons for the characteristics of colostrum or early milk
- 23. List some differences in early milk and more mature human milk
- 24. Discuss the variations found in the fat components of human milk
- 25. Consider the possible reasons for high cholesterol in human milk
- 26. Discuss the link with maternal diet and fats or fatty acids found in human milk



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The Wonders of Human Milk: Why Breastmilk and Breastfeeding Matter (ctnd.)

- 27. Discuss the primary functions of protein in human milk
- 28. List two protective proteins in human milk
- 29. Consider the implications when adding foreign proteins to the newborn's gastrointestinal tract
- 30. Discuss one reason for high lactose content in human milk
- 31. Discuss situations where high lactose may be problematic for breastfeeding infants

Culture: Belief or Best Practice or Both?

- 32. Describe the effects of a changing culture on breastfeeding outcomes
- 33. Discuss how the history of breastfeeding can be viewed through the art of the ages
- 34. Identify the shift from a breastfeeding culture to a bottle-feeding culture
- 35. Discuss the mortality rates from formula feeding that were identified in the early 1900s.
- 36. Discuss how control from the health system changed feeding and parenting practices
- 37. Explain how culture is often used as an excuse for poor practices
- 38. Describe how inequities in access to and quality of healthcare have impacted BIPOC
- 39. Discuss how assumptions about one's culture can influence the care of very young women
- 40. Discuss things that individuals can do to reduce inequities in the breastfeeding arena

Human Milk and the Development of the Immune System: Consequences of Formula Feeding

- 41. Discuss why the human infant is protected against many pathogens/germs immediately after birth
- 42. Describe how human milk helps in the development of the infant's immune system
- 43. Describe how some infections are minimised or avoided when infants receive their own mother's milk
- 44. Consider the impact of antibiotics on the infant's gut
- 45. Consider the impact of antibiotics on attitude about feeding choices
- 46. List possible health risks to babies who are fed artificial milks as infants
- 47. List possible health risks from bottle feeding
- 48. List possible health risks to women who don't breastfeed

Getting Families Started Breastfeeding: Evidence-Based Care

- 49. Describe the predictable patterns exhibited by newborns when they are positioned on their mother's abdomen immediately following birth
- 50. List the birthing routine that's may negatively influence breastfeeding success
- 51. Discuss the impact of labour medications on breastfeeding
- 52. Discuss the rationale of skin-to-skin care for mother and baby
- 53. Discuss the importance of the first hour in establishing successful breastfeeding



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- 54. Discuss hospital birth policies and procedure that support exclusive breastfeeding
- 55. List the most common cause of hypoglycaemia in newborns
- 56. Discuss the recent American Academy of Pediatrics changes in their recommendations for monitoring hypoglycaemia in babies at risk
- 57. Describe a plan to reduce the risks of hypoglycaemia (low blood sugar)
- 58. Consider the implications of culture on women's decisions to use medications during labour
- 59. Discuss the impact of narcotics and anaesthesia on maternal and newborn behaviours
- 60. Discuss the difficulty of researching labour medications and their impact on newborns
- 61. Discuss the differences in the infant microbiome following caesarean and vaginal birth

Position and Attachment for First Feedings: Evidence or Opinion?

- 62. Discuss the negative effects of breastfeeding dogma when helping mothers feed their babies
- 63. Describe some helpful ways to achieve effective positioning and latch
- 64. Describe ways to help a mother feed multiple babies.
- 65. Observe key points when assessing positioning and latch.
- 66. Identify the hallmarks of early milk transfer and effective breastfeeding.
- 67. Perform a breastfeeding LATCH score

Normal Breastfeeding Patterns and Growth and Development: The Baby 0-3 Months Old

- 68. Describe behaviours of a term healthy infant in the first hours following birth
- 69. Discuss why newborns may be sleepy in the first 24 hours of life
- 70. Identify early feeding cues in term infants
- 71. Discuss how research numbers about breastfeeding cause confusion when applied to an individual mother and baby.
- 72. Create effective scripts when women ask specific questions about details of early feeds
- 73. Identify developmental milestones for infants zero to three months of age.
- 74. Discuss the parenting difficulties that arise from the conflict between infant and maternal biology and the messages of modern culture
- 75. Explain how an understanding of infant biology can be helpful to new parents
- 76. List several activities that can help to soothe a crying infant

The Anatomy and Hormones of Milk Production: The Influence of Early Care

- 77. Identify the internal anatomy of the breast
- 78. Discuss how ultrasound visualisation has changed the understanding of internal anatomy
- 79. Discuss the theory of milk storage capacity
- 80. Describe the primary effects of prolactin in pregnancy and postpartum milk production



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- 81. Describe the primary effects of oxytocin on women throughout their lifetime
- 82. Describe how our care influences milk production
- 83. Discuss the implications when breasts are overfilled with milk

Challenging Feedings: Good Problem Solving

- 84. Explain when it may be appropriate to provide "hands-on" help with breastfeeding
- 85. Discuss ways to assist new mothers and their babies when early breastfeeding is challenging or difficult.
- 86. List things to do when a baby is sleepy or disorganised at the breast
- 87. List strategies for helping a mother breastfeed when she has inverted nipples
- 88. Discuss the importance of infant oral anatomy on breastfeeding success
- 89. Design a feeding care plan for a family with a baby with cleft lip and/or palate
- 90. Discuss why a cleft lip alone creates fewer breastfeeding difficulties than a cleft palate
- 91. Describe the role of the cheeks in normal suck
- 92. Describe the importance of the tongue in breastfeeding
- 93. Discuss the complexities in evaluating the scientific literature on incidence and treatment of ankyloglossia/tongue-tie
- 94. Identify the hallmarks of problematic anterior tongue-tie
- 95. Design a feeding care plan for a family with a baby with jaw asymmetry or jaw tilt
- 96. Identify the times to refer to others in any challenging feeding situation

Early Clinical Challenges: Nipple Pain Beyond Physiologic Nipple and Breast Infection

- 97. List reasons why early breastfeeding is often described as uncomfortable
- 98. List the most common causes of early nipple pain
- 99. Describe the characteristics of nipple vasospasm
- 100. Develop a care plan to help a mother with nipple pain
- 101. List the most common symptoms of nipple or breast infection
- 102. Describe the most common causes of non-infectious mastitis
- 103. Describe an appropriate approach to identifying a candida infection of nipple/breast
- 104. Develop a care plan for someone with nipple/breast infection
- 105. Discuss ways to keep women breastfeeding when they experience pain

Breastfeeding Women Who Return to Work: Describe Some of the Challenges of Breastfeeding and Working Outside the Home

- 106. Consider the importance of prenatal education in preparing women for the separation from their infants
- 107. Describe some of the challenges of breastfeeding and working outside of the home



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- 108. List helpful tips for managing some of the common challenges when women work outside of the home
- 109. Discuss the collection and storage of breastmilk when women are separated from their breastfeeding infants

Caring for Babies Who Are Early: Breastfeeding the Preterm, Very Preterm Infant

- 110. Discuss the immaturity of all human infants
- 111. Discuss how breastmilk and skin-to-skin care can specifically help the preterm infant
- 112. Describe ways to enhance breastfeeding success for the premature infant
- 113. List ways to maximise milk volumes in mothers of preterm babies
- 114. List expectations of feeding progression for very preterm infants
- 115. List two reasons for adding fortifiers to breastmilk
- 116. Discuss the use of donor milk in the Neonatal Intensive Care Unit
- 117. Discuss the possible advantages of using a nipple shield for early babies
- 118. Discuss the advantages of using test weights to determine breastfeeding progress
- 119. Design a possible discharge feeding plan for families of preterm infants

The Late Preterm and "Supposedly" Term Infant: Now Official "Early Term" Somewhere Between Term & Preterm Infants

- 120. Define what is meant by "late preterm"
- 121. List reasons for the increase in late preterm births
- 122. Discuss risks associated with late preterm births
- 123. Describe a plan for caring for late preterm infants
- 124. Describe ways to enhance breastfeeding success for the mother of a late preterm infant
- 125. List ways for mothers to maximise breastmilk production
- 126. Discuss the principles of "Hands-on Pumping"

Common Question about Medications During Lactation

- 127. Identify helpful resources for parents and professionals to find information on medications for breastfeeding women
- 128. Discuss basic considerations when evaluating the use of medications for breastfeeding mothers
- 129. Identify helpful information when discussing cold medications and breastfeeding
- 130. Identify helpful information when discussing radiopaque dyes and breastfeeding
- 131. Identify helpful information when discussing antidepressants and breastfeeding
- 132. Identify helpful information when discussing birth control and breastfeeding
- 133. Identify helpful information when discussing nicotine and breastfeeding



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Tools of the Trade

- 134. Discuss the appropriate use of breast pumps
- 135. Provide several tips for the use of various supplemental tube devices at the breast
- 136. Describe some positive and negative results of cup feedings for supplementing the breastfed infant
- 137. Describe some helpful tips when using a nipple shield
- 138. Discuss the rationale of restricting pacifier use in the early weeks of breastfeeding

Non-Infectious Mastitis: Engorgement, Plugged Ducts Chronic Inflammation

- 139. Describe one method of hand expression of breastmilk
- 140. Describe the causes of pathologic breast engorgement
- 141. Discuss possible treatments to relieve early breast engorgement
- 142. Explain the difference between engorgement and full breasts
- 143. Provide helpful information for mothers who abruptly stop breastfeeding with an established milk supply
- 144. Describe the symptoms of blocked milk ducts
- 145. Discuss possible treatments to relieve blocked milk ducts
- 146. Consider the possible reasons behind unexplained or ongoing breast pain

Safe Sleep and the Conflict with Biology and Culture

- 147. Discuss the parenting difficulties that arise from the conflict between infant and maternal biology and the messages of modern culture
- 148. List the cultural messages about infant sleep that make parenting more complicated and difficult
- 149. Evaluate the current American Academy of Pediatrics recommendations for infant sleep
- 150. List the components of safe sleep for newborns

Caring for the Infant with Hyperbilirubinaemia: What Role Does Breastfeeding Play?

- 151. Discuss some of the negative consequences when a baby has hyperbilirubinaemia
- 152. List some possible common and uncommon causes of hyperbilirubinaemia
- 153. Describe some approaches to preventing physiologic hyperbilirubinaemia
- 154. Provide helpful feeding information when families have a baby who requires phototherapy
- 155. Explain how ineffective breastfeeding can lead to hyperbilirubinaemia

Growth & Development 3-6 Months Old

- 156. Identify developmental milestones for infants three to six months of age
- 157. List developmental milestones in this age that are precursors to readiness for starting solids
- 158. List challenges of breastfeeding the three- to six-month-old baby



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Insufficient Milk volumes & Slow Gaining Infants: Is It Intake or Supply?

- 159. List the early signals that should alert parents to potential breastfeeding problems
- 160. List the most likely causes of poor maternal milk production in the first weeks
- 161. Discuss the expected milk volume increases over the first two weeks post partum
- 162. Discuss the normal changes in milk volumes over the first year
- 163. List the most likely causes of inadequate intake in exclusively breastfed infants in the first weeks
- 164. Discuss the expected daily weight gain for an exclusively breastfed infant in the first three months
- 165. Describe a clinic visit for a mother and infant where milk supply and/or weight gain are problematic
- 166. Develop a feeding plan for an infant who is not gaining adequate weight
- 167. Discuss counselling strategies when helping a new mother who is not making adequate milk

Relationships in the Breastfeeding Family

- 168. Discuss the potential impact of breastfeeding on family relationships
- 169. Discuss the important role of partners in caring for breastfeeding mothers and babies
- 170. Describe some possible obstacles to a sexual partnership when mothers are breastfeeding
- 171. Provide some helpful information to assist families in their new postpartum relationship
- 172. Identify some early symptoms of postpartum depression/anxiety
- 173. Describe the importance of finding a social community for postpartum women
- 174. Identify characteristics in postpartum women that suggest this time is one of grief as well as joy

Common questions about Nutrition During Lactation

- 175. Describe ways that nutrition can be simplified for breastfeeding families
- 176. List common misconceptions about nutrition for postpartum breastfeeding families
- 177. Provide helpful information on vitamin and mineral supplements for breastfeeding women
- 178. List three good sources of docosahexaenoic acid
- 179. Provide helpful approaches to questions about consuming alcohol when breastfeeding
- 180. List five possible nutritional galactagogues
- 181. Discuss why over-consumption of water may reduce milk production
- 182. Discuss why infants are at higher risk of allergies
- 183. List three of the most common allergens
- 184. Discuss the difference in allergy, food intolerance and colic in breastfeeding babies
- 185. List appropriate times to refer breastfeeding parents to a registered dietician



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Breastfeeding Six Months and Beyond: The Biologic End of Breastfeeding

- 186. Identify typical developmental milestones of infants beyond the first six months
- 187. Discuss how marketing tactics used by commercial baby food industries influence families and professionals in feeding babies' solid foods
- 188. Provide evidence-based information to families about introducing solid foods to their child
- 189. Discuss the challenges women face when they breastfeed past the cultural norm
- 190. Provide helpful information to women who breastfeed through a pregnancy
- 191. Discuss the importance of ongoing protection and support for all mothers who continue breastfeeding beyond the early months